

Summer Lake HOA's post office box closure

If you need to contact Summer Lake HOA by mail using our post office box, please be aware that after December 31, 2020, our PO box will be closed. Effective January 1, 2021, send all correspondence directly to Community Association Partners (CAP). Its address is PO Box 2429, Beaverton, OR 97075. See page 3 for how to contact us using our website and email.

You may also contact CAP community staff directly at 503-546-3400 or as follows:

- Manager Sydney Shook, sydney@capartners.net
- Administrative Assistant Alana Delgado Bowerman, alana@capartners.net

If you are making any changes to your property subject to approval by the HOA, you will need to submit an ARC form before any work can be done. See capartners.net/resources/arc-request/ for more information. CAP's website has a fillable **arc**hitectural application (also known as an **ARC**). Find it at https://www.capartners.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/ARC-Form-2020-Fillable.pdf.

New landscaping maintenance contract

We've been using ProGrass for maintenance of Summer Lake common areas, but are changing vendors. A&J Landscaping charges less and is a local company whose owner visits customers' properties weekly to ensure the work is done to his satisfaction. We look forward to working with A&J.

Inside

Rat Infestations



Rats! Here we go again

Another Summer Lake homeowner has rats! Let's revisit this topic.

The City of Tigard's Municipal Code has two ordinances regarding rodents:

6.02.150, Insects and Rodents: Storage of any materials including wastes or maintaining any grounds in a manner that may attract or aid the propagation of insects or rodents or create a health hazard is declared to be a public nuisance in violation of this title.

14.16.210, Insect and Rodent Harborage: Every dwelling shall be kept free from insect and rodent infestation, and where insects and rodents are found, they shall be promptly exterminated. After extermination, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent reinfestation.

TIPS FOR KEEPING RATS OUT OF HOME AND GARDEN

Seeing rats in the backyard or, worse yet, in the house, can send people into panic mode, and for good reason.



Eeeeeeeeek! A rat tries to break into a board member's house this summer through the screen door.

"There are definite social norms that say if you have rodents living near you it's associated with dirtiness, garbage and waste products," said Dana Sanchez, wildlife specialist for Oregon State University Extension Service. "There's a reticence to admitting to seeing rats or talking about them because there's a fear of public shaming. That works to the rats' advantage because people aren't finding cooperative solutions to a collective problem."

Disease is an even greater incentive for the repugnance people feel toward rats. They can spread the bacteria that causes the bubonic plague, which killed millions during the 14th century but is very rarely found today. Other less serious diseases are also attributed to rats, all of which lead to a healthy fear.

Rats—non-native black (Rattus rattus) and brown (Rattus norvegicus)—are drawn to any sort of outside food sources such as pet food, chicken food, bird seed and kitchen scraps in compost piles. Even compost without kitchen scraps provides insects that rats consume, unless the pile is kept hot enough to kill

them. If rats get inside the house, they'll dine on whatever food they find there and look for places to nest and reproduce.

"Both species are very opportunistic and have an easy time adapting to living in the presence of humans," Sanchez said.

You can identify the two rats, if you want to, by color and size. Black rats weigh in at 4½ ounces and grow up to 5 to 6 inches long; adult brown rats weigh 9 to 10 ounces and reach up to 16 inches.

To help control rats, Sanchez said neighbors should work together to share information and help keep areas clean. Finding collaborative solutions includes working to come up with strategies with city and county vector departments, which are charged with rodent control among other things.

"Rats are very intelligent and resourceful," Sanchez said. "Simply putting down a trap and expecting a rat to fall into it won't work. They inspect and avoid things new in the environment. Rats have an amazing ability that once they figure out something has made them sick, they will avoid it in the future."

Controlling rats is the first step, Sanchez said, but isn't a long-term solution. Spying rats in your home or on your property will increase your awareness and there will be a lot of focused efforts on getting rid of them. That may reduce the population to a point, but if the efforts are sustained over months and months, it will create a cyclical pattern. Once humans see fewer rats, they reduce efforts to rat-proof, then the population grows and the problem starts all over again.

Sanchez provides some tips for managing rats:

- Don't leave uneaten pet food outside. Keep pet food stored in plastic
- Store indoor food properly, in containers if possible. Don't leave untended food out on counters.
- Thin out dense brush that provides shelter.
- Keep bird seed off the ground by using baffles. Hang bird feeders away from eaves or fences that give rats easy access.
- Use the hot compost process or a contained system. At the very least, keep food scraps out of compost piles.
- Clean up fruit that's dropped to the ground.
- Repair gaps larger than ¼ inch around doors, windows, crawl space screens, attic vents and any other place where holes may provide access.
- Keep garbage in a plastic bin with a lid.
- Make sure rats don't have access to chicken feed or chickens, which they can kill. Use a smaller aperture hardware cloth rather than chicken wire. Bury the bottom several inches below ground. Make sure coop is rat proof by closing up any holes bigger than a nickel.
- Use bait and traps, keeping in mind this will only work if there are a few rats; for larger populations consider hiring a licensed and bonded exterminator.
- Stay vigilant. Even if you don't see rats, they are around and keeping your home and landscape unattractive to them will help keep them at bay.

Reprinted from Oregon State University's Extension Service.

Contact Us



SummerLakeHOA.org



SummerLakeHOA@gmail.com

Reach any HOA Board member using this address but please limit attachments to 6 MB



Summer Lake Homeowners Association C/O Community Association Partners

PO Box 2429

Beaverton, OR 97075



Board Meetings

Our next virtual meeting is January 20, 2021. See our website for instructions to join.



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